Reply from ODOT Director Gordon Proctor to the OBF

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Ohio Department of Transportation

CENTRAL OFFICE, P.O. Box 899, COLUMBUS, OHIO 43216-0899

December 7, 2000

Mr. Chuck Smith, Chairman Ohio Bicycle Federation 825 Olde Farm Court Vandalia, OH 45377

Dear Mr. Smith:

This is in response to your November 11, 2000 letter regarding bicyclist access to Ohio's roadways.

The Ohio Bicycle Federation recommends reopening several roads that currently do not allow bicycle

access. Specifically, the roads are:

- SR 2 at the Sandusky Bay Bridge;
- SR 7 along the Ohio River between the Moundsville bridge and East Liverpool;
- SR 104 in the City of Columbus between 1-71 and US 33;
- SR 161, the New Albany Bypass at Little Turtle;
- US 23 southbound in the City of Columbus between Nationwide Blvd. and Goodale St.;
- US 33 in Hocking County and in the City of Athens;
- US 35 in Fayette, Ross, Jackson and Gallia Counties;
- US 50 in the City of Cincinnati and in the City of Athens;
- US 52 along the Ohio River in the Portsmouth area;
- US 422 at SR 44 in Geauga County and at an underpass in the City of Warren.

Several of these roadways are not under ODOT's jurisdiction, therefore, please contact the following $\,$

parties for these specific locations.

State Routes 104, 161, and US 23, are under the City of Columbus' jurisdiction. The contacts are Jim

Music and Dale Hooper at the following addresses.

Jim Music Division Administrator Traffic Engineering 109 N. Front Street/2nd floor Columbus, OH 43215 Bicycle Advisory Council c/o Dale Hooper, Bikeway Coordinator Public Service Department Traffic Engineering 109 N. Front Street/2nd Floor Columbus, OH 43215

The US 50 roadway in Hamilton County is withill the City of Cincinnati's jurisdiction. The contact is

Prem Garg, P.E., City of Cincinnati, 801 Plum Street, City Hall, Room 445, Cincinnati, OH 45202.

In regards to the underpass in Warren on US 422, please provide specific location information in your

correspondence to: William Totten, Assistant City Engineer, Warren Engineering, Planning and Building

Department, 540 Laird Avenue SE, Warren, OH 44484.

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My staff has researched the remaining roadways listed and found that all are categorized as freeways, by

law. The Ohio Revised Code, section 4511.01, defines a freeway as a "divided multi-lane highway for

through traffic with all cross roads separated in grade and with full control of access". Code section

4511.051 contains "Prohibitions on the Use of Freeways" as follows: "No person shall operate a bicycle

within the boundary lines of a freeway except where there exists a facility that is separate from the

roadway and shoulders designed and appropriately marked for bicycle use."

Aside from being classified freeways, some roadways don't lend themselves to safe bicycle travel because

of design, traffic congestion, or unique environmental influences. State Route 2 has wide approach

shoulders but the bridge itself has a shoulder less than the minimum four-foot bike lane width. Strong

cross winds are frequent occurrences on the bridge, and combined with the slope of the bridge, a

bicyclists' ability to stay within the narrow shoulder would be severely impaired. This brldge averages

17,000 vehicles daily, including 4,300 trucks. Traffic in the summer is often bumper to bumper with

traffic heading to the lakeshore and the islands.

State Route 7 is a freeway with full-width shoulders, but the shoulders, the median barriers and the

rock fence protection exist largely to reduce crashes and road damage caused by landslides that commonly

occur. When this route was rebuilt as a freeway, much of the old road was obliterated due to lack of

space for both the old and the new roads. Average traffic counts vary from 5,000 to 35,000 per day,

depending upon location. Some of the old road still exists, and is used by traffic. However, there is

potential, although expensive, for counties or other local jurisdictions to create a bikeway within the corridor.

United States Route 35 has lengthy segments of freeway in the four counties named, plus Montgomery and

Greene Counties. Traffic counts range from 9-24,000 daily. The old route is available for bicyclists

from Washington Court House to Chillicothe. The old two-lane segment from 1--71 to Washington Court House

is not recommended for bicyclists, even though legal. In Chillicothe, a detour onto SR 104 and Higby

Road will reestablish a connection to US 35 although US 35 becomes a legal freeway just a few miles

away, in Jackson County. Note that US 35 continues as a freeway across the Ohio River, thus bicyclists

need to route themselves to Pomeroy or to Huntington in order to cross the River. The ${\tt Jamestown}$

Connector, and the Adena Trail (formerly Tri-County Triangle Trail) parallel US 35, and extensions to

each of these trails was approved in our last round of Transportation Enhancement (TE) awards, announced in November.

United States Route 52 in Scioto County, US 33 in Hocking and Athens Counties, and US 50 in Athens

County are freeways also. Average daily traffic varies from 13-32,000. The Department recently upgraded

US 50 on November 17, 2000, by opening a 16-mile segment between Athens and Coolville. A separate

bikeway, the Hockhocking-Adena Bikeway, runs parallel to US. 33 on a former rail corridor. The City of

Nelsonville and the City of Athens were awarded TE funds in November, to extend this bikeway into

Nelsonville, and to the eastern limits of Athens, parallel to US 50 and State Street.

United States Route 422 is a freeway beginning in Cuyahoga County at I-271 and ending at Shaw Road on

the east side of the Ladue Reservoir in Geauga County. Therefore, the sign located on the entrance ramp

from SR 44 to eastbound US 422 is correct.

The bicyclists who are members of the Ohio Bicycle Federation may be highly experienced and roadwise

riders who stay out of danger because they know the danger of sharing the roadway with vehicles

traveling at high speeds. However, not every bicyclist is a good rider and we have concerns with the

less experienced, recreational riders, bicyclists who may stop on the road when they are tired, drift

into traffic, or pull in front of overtaking traffic. These riders would use the freeways as well.

Merging with

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traffic at freeway entrance and exit ramps (cloverleafs in particular) would be very dangerous due to

speed and size differences between bicyclists and motorized vehicles. For safety reasons, ${\tt ODOT}$ does not

advocate mixing bicycle and automobile/truck traffic on freeways. As an alternative, ODOT works with

local communities to develop a system of separate bikeways that as closely as possible connect the

destinations served by freeways.

If you have any additional questions, please contact Heather Bowden at 614-752-4685.

Respectfully

Godon(sic) Proctor Director